



New York City Poison Control Center (NYC PCC) Consultants' Conference August 5, 2021

Consultants' Conference is a monthly meeting attended by medical toxicologists, emergency physicians, pharmacists and other learners from all over the Northeast. It is an educational activity in which the *Consultants* (renowned experts in various medical specialties) provide insight into the analysis and approach to the diagnosis and treatment of interesting toxicologic cases. The cases are presented mostly by the NYU Toxicology fellows in training, but anyone can present their case if deemed appropriate. Learners of all levels can benefit from the rich and often dynamic discourse.

The next NYC PCC Grand Rounds and Consultants' Conference will be held on Thursday August 5, 2021. Grand Rounds will start at 1PM EST and Consultants' Conference will follow immediately. The topic and speaker will be:

Tele-Buprenorphine: Opportunities and Challenges

Rachel S. Wightman, MD
Assistant Professor of Emergency Medicine
The Warren Alpert Medical School of Brown University
Director of Medical Toxicology Education
Brown Emergency Medicine

Consultants' Conference will take place from 2 PM - 4 PM EST.

We will be broadcasting both the Grand Rounds lecture and Consultants' Conference via the same link on WebEx and there WILL NOT be a live conference at the Public Health Laboratory. Please click here to register and download the WebEx outlook file.

Please Note: If you would like to receive this monthly announcement on a regular basis, please register for the conference at the link above, even if you are unable to attend.

Please post and distribute.
All are welcome.

Cases to be discussed for Consultants' Conference include:

- 1. A previously healthy toddler is found with one tablet of his mother's medication in his mouth and the mother is currently pregnant. He presents to the ED with multiple episodes of emesis and altered mental status. His initial vital signs are: BP, not performed; HR, 168 beats/min; RR, 36 breaths/min; T 36 degrees C, O₂ Sat, 100% (RA).
- 2. A 48-year-old man presents to the ED with a complaint of difficulty swallowing, slurred speech, and trouble ambulating. His vital signs are: BP, 153/77 mm Hg; HR 69 beats/minute; RR, 18 breaths/minute; T, 98.2 degrees F; O₂ Sat, 100% (RA). The patient's mother presented shortly afterwards with similar symptoms.
- 3. A 38-year-old woman is "found down" and lethargic by EMS in the morning after a presumed overdose the night before. During transport to the hospital, the woman is administered treatment and her mental status returns to baseline. Her initial vital signs in the ED are: BP, 110/90 mm Hg: HR, 115 beats/minute; RR, 19 breaths/minute; T, 99.1 degrees F; O₂ Sat, 99% (RA); Point of care glucose, 51 mg/dL. In the ED, the patient is believed to have a new neurologic deficit and is admitted to the hospital for evaluation of an acute stroke.

Mark K. Su, MD, MPH
Director, New York City Poison Control Center

Jointly Provided by the NYU Grossman School of Medicine and the Poison Control Center.

Accreditation Statement

This activity has been planned and implemented in accordance with the accreditation requirements and policies of the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education through the joint providership of the NYU School of Medicine and the Poison Control Center. The NYU Grossman School of Medicine is accredited by the ACCME to provide continuing medical education for physicians.

Credit Designation Statement

The NYU Grossman School of Medicine designates both of these as live activities for a maximum of 0.75 AMA PRA Category 1 CreditsTM for Toxicology Grand Rounds and 2 AMA PRA Category 1 CreditsTM for Consultants' Conference. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

Disclosure Statement

The NYU Grossman School of Medicine adheres to ACCME accreditation requirements and policies, including the Standards for Commercial Support regarding industry support of continuing medical education. In order to resolve any identified Conflicts of Interest, disclosure information is provided during the planning process to ensure resolution of any identified conflicts. Disclosure of faculty and commercial relationships as well as the discussion of unlabeled or unapproved use of any drug, device or procedure by the faculty will be fully noted at the meeting.